## GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION Washington, DC 20405

June 2, 1993

## FIRMR BULLETIN C-18 Revision 1

TO: Heads of Federal agencies

SUBJECT: Federal Telecommunications System 2000 (FTS2000)

- 1. Purpose. This bulletin provides information on FTS2000 contract services.
- 2. Expiration date. This bulletin contains information of a continuing nature and will remain in effect until canceled.
- 3. Contents.

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4. Related material.

FIRMR Section 201-20.305-1, Regulatory delegations. FIRMR Section 201-24.101, The mandatory FTS2000 network.

TC 90-6 Attachments

FEDERAL INFORMATION RESOURCES MANAGEMENT REGULATION APPENDIX B

- 5. Information and assistance.
- a. Further information regarding FTS2000 service and assistance can be obtained by contacting the appropriate Office of FTS2000 at the following locations:
  - (1) Service Oversight Center for Network "A" (SOC-A):

General Services Administration Office of FTS2000 (TN) Network A Service Oversight Center (SOC-A) 7980 Boeing Court Vienna, VA 22182-3988

Telephone: FTS/Commercial (703) 760-7530

(2) Service Oversight Center for Network "B" (SOC-B):

General Services Administration Office of FTS2000 (TN) Network B Service Oversight Center (SOC-B) 13221 Woodland Park Road Herndon, VA 22071-3022

Telephone: FTS/Commercial (703) 904-2923

b. Questions regarding the mandatory use of FTS2000 contract services, or requests for an exception to the mandatory use of FTS2000, should be directed to the Office of FTS2000 below:

General Services Administration Associate Administrator (T) Office of FTS2000 18th and F Streets, NW Washington, DC 20405

Telephone: FTS/Commercial (703) 208-7493

- c. The contractors' service support points of contact are as follows:
  - (1) Network "A":

AT&T Federal Systems TIP 5, Attention: Service Order Department 1921 Gallows Road

Vienna, VA 22182

Telephone: 1-800-332-4387

#### (2) Network "B":

Sprint Federal Systems Division Attention: Account Management 13221 Woodland Park Road Herndon, VA 22071-3022 Telephone: 1-800-366-9888

#### 6. Definitions.

"Intercity" as it applies to FTS2000 services means a telecommunications transmission between two or more locations that cannot be accomplished within a local service area. The terms "intercity" and "long-distance" have the same meaning.

"Inherently long-distance feature" means a feature that can be provided only as part of or by a long-distance network.

"Local service area" means within a 25-mile radius, within a Local Access and Transport Area (LATA), or within a metropolitan area.

"Local network" means locations, within a local service area, interconnected by communications circuits.

"Non-inherently long-distance features" means features that can be provided without the use of a long-distance network.

"Government-furnished services" are services directly acquired by the Government and subsequently made available by a contractor.

"Minimize" as it applies to FTS2000 services means those conditions wherein normal telecommunications traffic is drastically reduced in order that telecommunications services connected with an actual or simulated emergency shall not deteriorate.

#### 7. Acronyms.

CPE Customer Premises Equipment

CVTS Compressed Video Transmission Service

DAR Designated Agency Representative

DPA Delegation of Procurement Authority

DTS Dedicated Transmission Service

GFS Government Furnished Services

ISDN Integrated Services Digital Network

NCS National Communications System

NSEP National Security and Emergency Preparedness

PIC Primary Interexchange Carrier

SDS Switched Data Service

SOC Service Oversight Center

TSP Telecommunications Service Priority

8. General. The General Services Administration (GSA) awarded two ten-year fixed-price contracts covering FTS2000 services on December 7, 1988. American Telephone and Telegraph Company (AT&T) was awarded the network "A" contract and US Sprint Communications Company (Sprint) was awarded the network "B" contract.

#### 9. FTS2000 services and features.

- a. The same services will be available on both networks to the extent practical and considered advantageous to the Government. The services of FTS2000 are:
  - (1) Switched Voice Service.
- (2) Switched Data Service for the transmission of data in a digital format at 56 kbps and 64 kbps.
- (3) Switched Digital Integrated Service for the digital transmission of voice, data, image, and video at transmission rates of up to 1.544 megabits per second (mbps).
- (4) Packet Switched Service for the transmission of data in packet form.
- (5) Video Transmission Service for the transmission of both compressed and wideband video.
- (6) Dedicated Transmission Service for the point-to-point and multipoint private line transmission of voice and data.
- b. Attachment A lists the features available for each category of FTS2000 service. Full use of FTS2000 features is dependent upon the capabilities of serving Local Exchange Carriers, as well as installed customer premises equipment (CPE).
- c. FTS2000 sustains and enhances the Federal Government's NSEP capabilities. Attachment B lists some of the services available under this program area.

- d. As reflected in the FTS2000 solicitation and reaffirmed by the General Services Board of Contract Appeals (GSBCA) in its February 28, 1990, decision in GSBCA No. 10450-P, GSA's intention is to maintain FTS2000 as state-of-the-art, up-to-date long-distance telecommunications services throughout the life of the contracts. Accordingly, GSA will make enhancements to the FTS2000 network in accordance with agencies' needs, contract clauses, governing regulations, and statutes. GSA will determine whether a requested change is within the scope of the FTS2000 contracts.
- e. FTS2000 is a services-only contract. Only the Federal information processing equipment or CPE which is required to provide an FTS2000 service is furnished. To support some FTS2000 features, the FTS2000 contractors will be required to provide service directly to an agency's terminal equipment interface. For example, the FTS2000 contractor might provide a terminal adaptor to an agency location in order to connect FTS2000 ISDN services to the agency's terminal equipment.
- 10. Assignment of agencies to networks. Agencies are assigned to the networks on a whole agency basis to the extent possible and practicable. Attachment C lists the organizations assigned to each network.
- 11. Mandatory use of FTS2000 services. FIRMR section 201-24.101 requires the use of FTS2000 network services by Federal agencies for all acquisitions subject to 40 U.S.C. 759.
- 12. Exceptions to the use of FTS2000.
- a. An agency must request and obtain approval from the GSA Office of FTS2000 to acquire long distance services other than those available on the FTS2000 network, based on GSA's determination that:
- (1) The agency's requirements are unique and cannot be satisfied by the FTS2000 network; and
- (2) The agency acquisition action for such requirements would be cost effective and would not adversely affect the cost effectiveness of the FTS2000 network; or
- b. An agency may request and obtain approval from GSA to use services other than those available on the FTS2000 Network on an interim basis based on an established date for transition to the FTS2000 network.

- c. A unique requirement is any requirement that cannot be satisfied by FTS2000, as ultimately determined by GSA, by the date that the requirement is needed. In order to achieve the most cost effective acquisition for a unique requirement, agencies should prepare a benefit/cost analysis comparing the various alternatives that would satisfy that requirement. This analysis should examine only benefits and costs involved with satisfying the unique requirement. Agency traffic or services that are being met by or could be met by FTS2000 should not be part of the benefit/cost analysis nor should they be included in any of the alternatives. The following steps are required to perform the benefit/cost analysis:
- (1) Identify all reasonable alternatives; e.g., those alternatives that are both technologically and operationally feasible.
- (2) Identify all benefits and costs of each alternative over the project life cycle and estimate where in the cycle the benefits and costs will occur. The analysis should include the initial benefits and costs as well as all recurring and non-recurring benefits and costs. Non-quantifiable benefits and costs should be identified and discussed in the analysis.
- (3) The benefits and costs should then be discounted using the present value method. In this connection, applicable Office of Management and Budget management guidance should be followed. The alternatives can then be compared on the basis of their net present values. The alternative having the highest net present value would be considered the most cost effective alternative.
- d. If a requirement is unique, and the resultant agency acquisition would be cost effective, the rebuttable presumption is that the agency acquisition would not adversely affect the cost effectiveness of the FTS2000 network. However, when reviewing a request for an exception to the use of FTS2000, GSA may require additional information.
- e. Agencies do not need to seek an exception to the mandatory use of FTS2000 services under FIRMR section 201-24.101 for requirements that were previously authorized and awarded under prior FIRMR provisions until the end of the contract life or when exercising renewal options for those requirements. However, agencies must use available FTS2000 network services (or services that will be available) that can satisfy their requirements upon completion of such contracts unless approval is obtained from GSA to use services other than those available on the FTS2000 network.

- f. Before exercising renewal options under existing contracts that will result in the provision of long-distance telecommunications services, agencies shall obtain GSA approval for an interim exception to use services other than those available on the FTS2000 network. This interim exception will allow GSA and the agencies time to plan an orderly transition to the FTS2000 network and have a GSA agreed upon transition plan.
- g. FIRMR section 201-24.101 provides an exception to the use of all non-inherently intercity features of the FTS2000 when requirements for such features are satisfied within a local network. For example, some agency requirements for electronic mail, audio teleconferencing, compressed video teleconferencing service, conference bridges, cellular service, or protocol conversion that can be satisfied either through a local network or through FTS2000 services, may be implemented locally, if the agency finds it more beneficial.
- h. FTS2000 only provides intercity telecommunications services within the United States, Puerto Rico, Guam and the U.S. Virgin Islands. Agencies requiring international services outside the continental United States other than that provided by FTS2000 need not seek an exception; however, the provisions of FIRMR section 201-20.305 still apply.
- i. Agencies should ensure that the following information is included in an exemption request:
- (1) Agency Information: Provide agency name, address and names and telephone numbers of appropriate agency technical and contracting points of contact.
  - (2) Project Title and Description:
- (i) Provide the project title and a brief but specific description of the primary agency program(s) that the required telecommunications resources will support.
- (ii) Provide a brief but specific description of the intercity telecommunications transmission facilities and services currently supporting the program(s) if appropriate.

- (iii) Provide a brief but specific description of the intercity telecommunications transmission requirements, which cannot be satisfied by FTS2000. Include a network diagram, if appropriate, or such other pertinent information agencies may wish to present that will enable GSA to understand the requirement. This description should reflect resources required for system expansion (i.e., anticipated augmentation and other major system modifications) during the system life if such requirements will be included in a solicitation document as evaluated options.
- (3) Estimated Contract Life and Cost: Identify the estimated contract cost of the acquisition (not the overall systems life cost) for the contract life. Include all anticipated optional quantities, services and periods. Detailed cost breakdowns may be included when necessary to describe clearly the estimated costs. The estimated contract cost (for all years) should correspond to the planned contract life. (NOTE.--The GSA approval resulting from the submission will be limited to quantities and years described therein.)
- j. If an agency has a requirement for long distance telecommunications services or facilities that may not fall within the scope of FTS2000, the requirement shall be submitted to GSA, Office of FTS2000, as specified in paragraph 5b above, for a final determination prior to acquisition action. An exception to the mandatory use of FTS2000 will be granted if the service cannot be provided by FTS2000. If an exception is granted and a requirement is above the thresholds in FIRMR 201-20.305-1 or thresholds established pursuant to 201-20.305-2, a delegation of procurement authority (DPA) must be obtained from GSA. A request for an exception and a DPA may be submitted simultaneously. For information on the submission of an agency procurement request for a DPA, see FIRMR Bulletin C-5.

#### 13. Agency support.

a. GSA is responsible for oversight and management of the FTS2000 contracts and performs these functions through two GSA FTS2000 Service Oversight Centers (SOCs), one for each network. The principal mission of each center is to oversee the day-to-day operation and administration of FTS2000 and to ensure contract compliance. These centers help resolve agency problems with FTS2000. This assistance includes help with FTS2000 pricing. The SOCs receive network performance and status information. Agencies should contact their SOC for instructions on how to obtain this information.

- b. The SOCs and the FTS2000 contractors will support agencies in identifying service requirements for FTS2000 and in initiating actions to satisfy those requirements.
- 14. Ordering of FTS2000 services.
- a. Prior to ordering any new service, an agency must complete and sign an Interagency Agreement, an Agency Funding Document, and provide requirements estimates to GSA. Additional orders may be placed within the scope of the agreement.
- b. DARs will request FTS2000 services from their network contractor. The request may be submitted by mail, facsimile, electronic mail, or by telephone. The contractor reviews the request for feasibility, develops estimated pricing, and then coordinates the request with the SOC. The SOC ensures that funding is available from the Information Technology Fund.
- 15. FTS2000 pricing. GSA will assist agencies and vendors with FTS2000 cost evaluations. Vendors interested in agency solicitations should contact agencies on FTS2000 pricing questions. If agencies need further assistance in answering FTS2000 pricing questions, they should contact their SOC.
- 16. FTS2000 and other acquisitions.
- a. When an agency's overall acquisition requirements include long-distance telecommunications requirements that are within the scope of FTS2000 services, FIRMR section 201-24.101 applies to those telecommunications requirements. Accordingly, agencies shall require their contractors, (and subcontractors, regardless of the tier), in new awards subject to 40 U.S.C. 759, to satisfy any agency long-distance telecommunications services requirements by using the GFS of the FTS2000 network, as such services become available, unless GSA grants the agency an exception to the use of FTS2000 and a DPA, if required, for that acquisition.
- b. FIRMR 201-24.101-2 requires Federal agencies to satisfy long-distance telecommunications services requirements by using available Government-furnished FTS2000 contract services. The agency can:

- (1) Include in its solicitation an expected solution for the use of FTS2000. Offerors need not include the price of FTS2000 services in their offers if they are using the expected solution. Offerors would be required to separately price GFS of FTS2000 only if their offers show a different use of FTS2000 than the Government's expected solution.
- (2) Decide not to include an expected solution for the use of FTS2000. In this case, all offerors are required to separately price GFS FTS2000 in their offers.
- c. Offerors should contact the soliciting agency for any questions regarding FTS2000. Offerors should clearly designate any proprietary information that they provide to the Government. The Government will take appropriate action to ensure the confidentiality of the material.
- d. Prior to contract award, an agency requiring assistance on FTS2000-related questions should contact GSA at the appropriate SOC. After contract award, an agency can continue to contact its SOC on FTS2000-related questions or talk with the FTS2000 contractor directly.
- e. After contract award, the contractor should continue to work through the agency on FTS2000-related questions, as well as any questions related to non-FTS2000 equipment. An agency may choose to give a letter of agency to the contractor, which would allow it to contact the GSA SOC or the FTS2000 contractor directly, subject to agency discretion.
- f. An agency may authorize its contractors and subcontractors to use FTS2000 if such contractors or subcontractors are performing under cost reimbursement contracts or other types of negotiated contracts when the agency determines that a substantial dollar portion of the contractor's contracts are of a cost reimbursement nature. All such authorized use must be supported by a written determination that the usage is in the Government's interest (see FAR subpart 51.1). Since FTS2000 can only be ordered by Federal agencies through their DAR, the procedures for ordering set forth in this bulletin should be followed.

#### 17. Minimize guidelines and procedures.

a. GSA has the sole authority to impose a Minimize condition on the FTS2000 network to implement the Minimize guidelines prescribed by the National Communications System.

- b. During emergency or crisis conditions, the Minimize condition will be imposed on the FTS2000 network to control the volume of telecommunications traffic. GSA will notify agency heads and communications staff by the most expedient means available when a Minimize condition is in effect. The notice will emphasize that only emergency and essential voice and data traffic will be sent to or from the crisis area.
- c. Agencies are responsible for notifying their personnel expeditiously by whatever means to implement a Minimize condition. Agency emergency plans should include actions to announce and incorporate Minimize conditions which are effective and efficient. Calls to or from the crisis area which are not "emergency traffic" or "essential traffic" will not be initiated. Minimize, to be effective, requires that agencies greatly curtail and reduce the volume of telecommunications traffic that would impact upon the crisis area.
- d. When the Minimize condition is canceled by GSA, notification by GSA will follow the same channels as GSA had set up for implementation.
- 18. Emergency calling alternatives to FTS2000.
- a. In the event of an outage or failure on the FTS2000 network(s), acceptable calling alternatives may be made available. It is important for the Federal user community to determine and plan to implement their permissible alternatives and in what sequence these alternatives should be employed. One such alternative readily available is domestic long distance switched voice service, which can be obtained by the selection of a Primary Interexchange Carrier (PIC).
- b. GSA allows use of an alternative carrier to FTS2000 for periods of emergency (i.e. network failure or outages). Use of these alternatives to complete calls under other than emergency or outage conditions may be a violation of mandatory use statutes and appropriated funds may not be used to pay for these services. If a domestic inter-LATA call is completed using an alternate carrier, each agency is responsible for determining whether usage was proper under existing laws and whether payment to the carrier is authorized.

19. Cancellation. FIRMR Bulletin C-18, dated January 30, 1991 is canceled.

G. MARTIN WAGNER Acting Commissioner Information Resources Management Service

### FTS2000 SERVICES/FEATURES

### SWITCHED VOICE SERVICE

Agency Recorded Message Announcements

Uniform Numbering Plan

On and Off Net Calling

Network Intercept and Recorded Messages

Call Screening, Class of Service and Restriction Class of Service Override Travelling Classmark

Code Block

Network Audio Conferencing Arrangements

Meet-me

Pre-set

Add-on

Attendant Assisted

**Attendant Services** 

**Authorization Codes** 

Critical User Services

Transmission of Data Up To 4.8 kbps

Inward Station Access (800 type Service)

Inward Selected Access (800 type Service with call prompting)

Enhanced 800 type Service

### SWITCHED DATA SERVICE

Full-Duplex, Synchronous Data
Transmission in a Digital Format at 56 & 64 kbps
(when clear channel capability is available)

**Authorization Codes** 

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Attachment A

### DEDICATED TRANSMISSION SERVICE

Voice Grade and Analog Data up to 4.8 kbps and at 9.6 kbps

Full-Duplex, Dedicated Synchronous, Digital Data at 9.6 kbps, 56/64 kbps, and 1.544 mbps

Multipoint analog at 4.8 kbps and 9.6 kbps. Multipoint digital at 9.6 kbps and 56 kbps

#### PACKET SWITCHED SERVICE

Dial-Up Access

Asynchronous Data

Transmission at 300 bps, 1.2 kbps, 2.4 kbps, 4.8 kbps, and 9.6 kbps\* (On-net only)

Synchronous Data

Transmission at 4.8 kbps and 9.6 kbps\* (On-net only)

Electronic Mail

**Dedicated Access** 

Voice Grade analog for speeds up to 4.8 kbps and at 9.6 kbps

Digital Data Transmission at 9.6 kbps and 56 kbps (when clear channel capacity is available)

CCITT X.25 Protocol

## VIDEO TRANSMISSION SERVICES

Compressed and Wideband Video

One Way; Point to Point or Multi-Point with Audio Return

Two Way; Point to Point Interactive

Dynamic Multi-Point; Interactive

#### SWITCHED DIGITAL INTEGRATED SERVICE

T-1 Interface

Type 1 Standard Bit Pulse Code Modulation (24 64 kbps channels)
Type 2 Low Bit Rate Pulse Code Modulation (44 32 kbps channels)

**ISDN** 

Primary Rate Interface (23 B+D)

Basic Rate Interface (2 B+D)

Type 3 Standard Bit Digital 56 & 64 kbps

### NATIONAL SECURITY AND EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS SERVICES

#### TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE PRIORITY

Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP) can be requested by users of the FTS2000 Network to obtain expedited telecommunications service during periods associated with disaster or crisis situations. Users may initiate new service during a crisis period or provide for the expeditious restoration of dedicated voice or data facilities through the use of the TSP system.

TSP service can be requested from the appropriate GSA FTS2000 vendor to obtain those priority treatment services which they are capable of providing. Prior to requesting service from GSA FTS2000 vendors, justification and authorization for TSP restoration or provisioning services must be coordinated between the requesting agency and the TSP Program Office of the National Communications System (NCS). A TSP authorization code issued by NCS must accompany all TSP requests submitted to GSA FTS2000 vendors.

#### ASSURED SERVICE (PRIORITY QUE SERVICE)

The Assured Service feature provides a precedence and priority of call completion on the switched voice networks for identified critical users. This capability could be vital during emergencies. Assured Service is engineered to minimize call set up time and maximize the call completion rate of critical users.

This service can be provided on net where specific critical users can be identified through an automatic number identification provided at the local service level, or through a dedicated access facility with specific class marking. This service can also be made available to or from off net locations through special authorization codes issued by the GSA FTS2000 vendors.

Integrated Service Digital Network (ISDN), where available, may be used to permit a critical user caller to be identified to a called party, even if the line is busy, and alert the called party that a critical user caller is waiting.

#### REDUNDANCY

Multiple switch homing, physically diverse access routing paths, and multiple FTS2000 network homing can be requested for critical users to improve on the reliability, restorability and survivability of critical telecommunications services. These capabilities are not universally available, and in some cases are subject to special construction charges. The cost for the redundant facility(s) may require special charges not currently incorporated in the FTS2000 switched voice service contracts.

#### 800 SERVICE

800 services can also be requested which provide a unique approach to allowing organizations to support their disaster and emergency activities in a distributed manner.

#### **EXPEDITED SERVICES**

The GSA FTS2000 contract requires its vendors to provide special services on a priority basis. This expediting process should be employed prior to the exercising of TSP procedures described above.

## OTHER NSEP SUPPORT SERVICE OFFERINGS Voice and portable video conferencing

Special Announcements

User Access restrictions

Electronic Mail

Voice Mail

Hotlines

Load Control-Access Trunk Group Denial

Operator Assistance

## ASSIGNMENT OF ORGANIZATIONS TO NETWORKS NETWORK "A"

Action

Administrative Conference of the United States

Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations

Agency for International Development

Appalachian Regional Commission

Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board

Army National Guard

Army Reserves

### **Board for International Broadcasting**

Central Intelligence Agency

Christopher Columbus Quincentenary Jubilee Commission

Commission for the Preservation of American Heritage Abroad

Commission of Fine Arts

Commission on National and Community Services

Committee for Purchase from the Blind and Other Severely

Handicapped

Congressional Budget Office

Consumer Product Safety Commission

Corps of Engineers

Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board

Delaware River Basin Commission

Department of Agriculture

(National Finance Center, New Orleans, Louisiana)

Department of the Air Force

Department of the Army

Department of the Navy and U.S. Marine Corps.

Department of Commerce

Department of Defense

Office of the Secretary

Defense Contract Audit Agency

Canada-United States Permanent Joint Board on Defense

Defense Commissary Agency

**Defense Information Systems Agency** 

Defense Investigative Service

**Defense Logistics Agency** 

Defense Mapping Agency

Department of Defense Inspector General (Defense Audit

Service)

Joint Mexican-United States Defense Commission

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Attachment C

## ASSIGNMENT OF ORGANIZATIONS TO NETWORKS NETWORK "A" (CONTINUED)

Department of Education

Department of Energy

Department of Health and Human Services

Department of the Interior

Department of State

Department of Transportation

Department of Veterans Affairs (except "800" service)

District of Columbia Public Service Commission

### **Environmental Protection Agency**

**Export-Import Bank of the United States** 

Farm Credit Administration

Federal Communications Commission

Federal Deposit Insurance Commission

Federal Election Commission

Federal Emergency Management Agency

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

Federal Housing Finance Board

Federal Labor Relations Authority

Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

Goldwater Education Foundation

Government of the District of Columbia

Governor of Guam

Inter-American Foundation

International American Development Bank

John F. Kennedy Center

Marine Mammal Commission

Merit System Protection Board

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

National Capital Planning Commission

National Commission on Children

National Commission on Libraries and Information Science

National Commission on Migrant Education

## ASSIGNMENT OF ORGANIZATIONS TO NETWORKS NETWORK "A" (CONTINUED)

National Consumer Cooperative Bank

National Council on Handicapped

National Economic Commission

National Gallery of Art

National Science Foundation

National Trust for Historic Preservation

Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation

**Nuclear Regulatory Commission** 

Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board

Office of Technology Assessment

Office of the Special Counsel

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development

Overseas Private Investment Corporation

Oversight Board for Resolution Trust Corporation

Panama Canal Commission

Peace Corps

Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation

Postal Rate Commission

**Prospective Payment Assessment Commission** 

Railroad Retirement Board

**Resolution Trust Corporation** 

Securities and Exchange Commission

Selective Service Commission

**Smithsonian Institution** 

Tennessee Valley Authority

**United Nations Information Center** 

United Nations International Labor Office

United States Court of Veterans Appeals

United States Mission to the United Nations

United States/Japan Friendship Committee

United States Office of Government Ethics

United States Postal Service

## ASSIGNMENT OF ORGANIZATIONS TO NETWORKS NETWORK "B"

Administrative Office of the United States Courts

Commission on Civil Rights
Commodity Futures Trading Commission

Department of Housing and Urban Development Department of Justice Department of Labor Department of the Treasury Department of Veterans Affairs ("800" service only)

Equal Employment Opportunity Commission Executive Office of the President

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Federal Maritime Commission
Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service
Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission
Federal Public Defenders Service
Federal Reserve System

General Services Administration

International Trade Commission Interstate Commerce Commission Institute of Museum Services

## Judiciary

National Archives and Records Administration National Council of State Governors National Credit Union Administration National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities National Labor Relations Board National Mediation Board

Occupational Safety and Health Administration Office of Personnel Management Office of Thrift Supervision

# ASSIGNMENT OF ORGANIZATIONS TO NETWORKS NETWORK "B" (CONTINUED)

Pension Benefit Guarantee Corporation

**Small Business Administration** 

United States Information Agency United States International Trade Commission United States Supreme Court United States Tax Court